



PHYSICS SCHEME
CLASS: - SS3

SN	TOPICS	CONTENT
1	Energy and society	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sources of energy 2. Renewable energy 3. Uses of energy 4. Energy and development 5. Energy diversification and conservation
2	Energy and society	Environmental impact of energy use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global warming and house effect • Green house effect • Oil spillage Energy crisis
3	Energy conservation and conversion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Conservation of mechanical energy to electrical, heat, sound energy etc. • Electrical energy to heat mechanical, light energy etc. • Chemical energy to electrical, mechanical energy (vice versa)
4	Conversion of energy	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Radiation energy to electrical, heat energy etc. 2. Devices used in energy conversion in (1) above
5	Properties of waves	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interference of wave light and sound 2. Diffraction of wave sound and light 3. Polarization of light:

		application in polaroid only.
6	Electromagnetic waves	Electromagnetic spectrum
7	Gravitational field	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gravitational force between two masses (Newton's law of universal gravitation) 2. 'G' as universal constance 3. Solar system 4. Icepler's law 5. Natural and artificial satellite 6. Escape velocity
8	Electric field	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Production of continuum charges; primary cells, secondary cells. 2. Electric circuit; services and parallel arrangement of cells and resistors 3. Shunt and multipliers 4. Resistivity and conductivity 5. Principle of poteratiometer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Metre bridge • Wheatstone bridge
9	Electric field	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Measurement of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electric current • Potential difference • Resistance • Emf of a cell

10	Electric field	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Electrical conduction, through liquids and gas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrolyte and non electrolytes • Conduction of charged electrolyte • Voltmeter • Electroplating • Hot cathode emission • Applications • Faraday's law of electrolysis <hr/> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Electric force between point charges (coulomb's law) 2. Concept of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electric field • Electric field intensity • Electric potential 3. Capacitance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition • Arrangement of capacitors in a circuit • Energy stored in a charged capacitor.
11	Magnetic field	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept of magnetic field 2. Magnetic field around <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bar magnets • a straight conductor carrying current • solenoid 3. Magnets <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • temporary and permanent • making magnets 4. Application of electro-magnetic field 5. Earth's magnetic field <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Description and use • Marimer's compass

		6. Magnetic force on a moving
12	Electromagnetic field	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept of electromagnetic field <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interaction between magnetic field and current in • A current carrying wire in a magnetic field 2. Current carrying solenoid in a magnetic field 3. Applications of electromagnetic field <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electric motor • Moving coil galvanometer • Induction coil • Electromagnetic induction • Faraday's law • Lenz's law • Motor – generator effect 5 eddy current

13	Simple A.C circuit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Alternating current circuits <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nomendation in a.c circuit • Reak and r.m.s values • Series circuit containing resistance, inductance and capacitance • Reactance and impedance 2. Power in an a.c circuit
14	Models of the atom	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept of atom 2. The various models of atom

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thomson • Rutherford • Bohr • Electron cloud models <p>3. Limitation of physical models</p>
14	Nucleus	<p>1. Radioactivity – natural and artificial</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isotopes • Radioactive elements • Radioactive emission • Half – life and decay constant <p>2. Nuclear reaction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fission • Fusion • Nuclear energy <p>3. Nigeria’s Nuclear energy programme</p>
15	Energy quantization	<p>1. Energy levels in atom</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ground state • Excited state • Emission of light-energy on return to ground state <p>2. Photo electric effect</p> <p>3. Eistein photo-electric equation and its explanation</p> <p>4. X-rays</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Production • Characteristics and properties • Uses
16	Applications of Electromagnetic field	<p>1. Gawamometer</p> <p>2. Electric motor</p> <p>3. Generator</p> <p>4. Transformers</p>
17	Dams and energy production	
18	Rodlets and	<p>1. Component part of</p>

	satellites	rockets and satellite 2. Functions of rockets and satellites 3. Uses of rockets and satellites
19	Niger – SATI	1. Features of Niger-SATI 2. Its operation and uses 1. Features of NICOM_SATI 2. Its operation and uses